Honeywell WLAN Secure Wireless Client (SWC)

```
For:

Dolphin 6000 Terminal with Windows Mobile 6.5

Dolphin 6100/6500 Terminal with Windows CE 5.0

Dolphin 6100/6500 Terminal with Windows Embedded Handheld 6.5

Dolphin 7600 Terminal with Windows Mobile 6

Dolphin 7850 Terminal with Windows Mobile 5.0

Dolphin 9700 Terminal with Windows Mobile 6.5

Dolphin 9900 Terminal with Windows Mobile 6.1

Dolphin 99EX Terminal with Windows Mobile 6.1

Dolphin 99EX Terminal with Windows Mobile 6.1
```

User's Guide

Disclaimer

Honeywell International Inc. ("HII") reserves the right to make changes in specifications and other information contained in this document without prior notice, and the reader should in all cases consult HII to determine whether any such changes have been made. The information in this publication does not represent a commitment on the part of HII.

HII shall not be liable for technical or editorial errors or omissions contained herein; nor for incidental or consequential damages resulting from the furnishing, performance, or use of this material.

This document contains proprietary information that is protected by copyright. All rights are reserved. No part of this document may be photocopied, reproduced, or translated into another language without the prior written consent of HII.

Web Address: www.honeywellaidc.com

Trademarks

Dolphin, Dolphin RF, HomeBase, Mobile Base, and QuadCharger are trademarks or registered trademarks of Hand Held Products, Inc. or Honeywell International Inc.

Microsoft, Windows, Windows Mobile, Windows CE, Windows NT, Windows 2000, Windows ME, Windows XP, ActiveSync, Outlook, and the Windows logo are trademarks or registered trademarks of Microsoft Corporation.

Other product names mentioned in this manual may be trademarks or registered trademarks of their respective companies and are the property of their respective owners.

Patents

For patent information, please refer to www.honeywellaidc.com/patents.

©2007–2011 Honeywell International Inc. All rights reserved.

Table of Contents

Chapter 1 - Configuring the WLAN Connection

	Introduction	1- 1
	Accessing the WLAN SWC	1-1
	Command Bar Icon Colors	1-2
	Connection Status Indicator	1-2
	Enabling the WLAN Radio Driver	
	Establishing a Connection	1-3
	Config Tab	1-6
	Activating the Configuration	1-6
	Config Tab Buttons	1-6
	Using the Scan Feature	1-7
	Network Window	
	Association Modes	1-9
	Common Configurations	1-13
	WEP	1-13
	PEAPv1-MSCHAPV2	1-14
	WPA-PSK	1-14
	Static IP	1-15
	Status Tab	1-16
Ch.	contar 2 Warking in Ad Haa Mada	
CH	napter 2 - Working in Ad Hoc Mode	
	Introduction	2-1
	Requirements	
	Initiating an Ad Hoc Connection	
	9 ·········	
Ch	napter 3 - Setting up the WLAN SWC with DeviceConfig	
		0 -
	Overview	3-1
	Configuring the DeviceConfig.exm File	
	Setting up the Terminal	
	Enabling a Profile	
	Changing Power Save Mode	3-3
Ch	napter 4 - Administrative Tools	
	Overview	4-1
	IP Tab	

Advanced Tab	4-2
STATUS	4-3
STATUS_VERBOSE	4-3
SCAN	4-3
SCAN_RESULTS	4-3
LIST_NETWORKS	4-4
SELECT_NETWORK	
ENABLE_NETWORK	4-4
REMOVE_NETWORK	
SAVE_CONFIG	4-4
DISCONNECT	4-4
REASSOCIATE	4-4
DHCP release	4-4
DHCP renew	4-4
DEBUG on	4-4
DEBUG off	4-4
Technical Assistance	
Online Technical Assistance	5-1

Configuring the WLAN Connection

Introduction

Note: Screen captures/icons in this user's quide may differ from what appears on your device.

The WLAN Secure Wireless Client (SWC) configures the wireless connection of the 802.11b/g radio for numerous Dolphin terminals.

Windows Mobile 6.5	Windows Mobile 6	Windows Mobile 5.0	Windows CE 5.0	Windows Embedded Handheld 6.5
Dolphin 9700	Dolphin 7600	Dolphin 7850	Dolphin 7600	Dolphin 99EX
Dolphin 6000	Dolphin 9900		Dolphin 6100	Dolphin 6100
			Dolphin 6500	Dolphin 6500

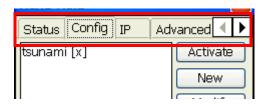
The different operating systems format the application windows of the SWC differently. For example, on terminals running Windows CE, the tabs appear at the top of the window whereas on terminals running Windows Mobile, the tabs appear at the bottom of the window.

Windows Mobile





Windows CE



Despite the different formatting, the content of the application window is the same on both terminals.

Server-Assigned IP Addresses

Please note that all server-assigned IP addresses use Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol (DHCP).

Accessing the WLAN SWC

On the Today screen, tap the icon in the command bar ...



This icon displays in different colors to indicate the status of the radio; see Command Bar Icon Colors on page 1-2.

The SWC opens displaying the Status tab, which is empty until a connection is configured. After a connection to an access point or network is configured and active, this tab displays the connection status.

Command Bar Icon Colors

The icon in the command bar on the Today screen changes according to the status of the radio.

Color	Meaning	Matching Status
Gray	The radio is Disabled Idle Not connecting	NO RADIO RADIO OFF DISCONNECTED INACTIVE
Yellow	 The connection is Associating (icon stops spinning) Authenticating (icon stops spinning) Negotiating DHCP address (icon spins clockwise) Out-of-Range 	ASSOCIATING AUTHENTICATING
Red	Authentication failed and the connection failed as a result.	ASSOCIATED (but not authenticated)
Green	The connection is authenticated with a valid DHCP address.	COMPLETE

Note: The color of the icons matches the status displayed on the Status Tab (see page 1-16).

Connection Status Indicator

The command bar contains a status strength indicator.



The bars indicate the strength of the signal when the radio is transmitting. If the radio is not transmitting, a small "x" appears over the bars.

Enabling the WLAN Radio Driver

The radio driver must be enabled for the radio to transmit a signal at all. You cannot connect to a network unless the radio is enabled.

For this Terminal Configuration,	Do this
Dolphin 6100/6500/7600 with Windows CE 5.0	Tap the UP arrow in the lower, right corner of the screen.
Dolphin 6000 with Windows Mobile 6.5 Dolphin 6100 with Windows Embedded Handheld 6.5 Dolphin 6500 with Windows Embedded Handheld 6.5 Dolphin 7600 with Windows Mobile 6 Dolphin 9900 with Windows Mobile 6.1 Dolphin 9700 with Windows Mobile 6.5 Dolphin 99EX with Windows Embedded Handheld 6.5	Tap Start > Settings > Connections tab > Dolphin Wireless Manager.
Dolphin 7850	Tap Start > Settings > Connections tab > Radio Manager.

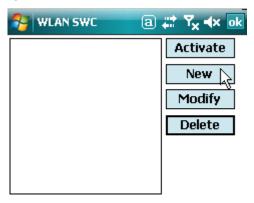
For details about enabling and disabling the radios on each terminal, refer to the User's Guide for each terminal, which are available for download from the web site: www.honeywellaidc.com.

Establishing a Connection

Requirements

The parameters you enter in the SWC depend entirely upon the wireless network established in your facility. If you do not know what to enter in these fields, contact your network administrator.

- 1. On the Today screen or Desktop, tap the icon in the command bar ...
- 2. Tap the Config tab and tap New.



3. You can create multilple profiles that use the same SSID by giving each profile a unique name in the "Profile Name" field on the Network window.



- Type in the SSID.
- 5. Select a specific band if the connection is to be limited to b/g/n or a/n (2.4 GHz or 5.0 GHz).
- 6. Select the **Assoc. Mode** that corresponds to your network configuration from the drop-down list.

Select	To connect with	For more information
None	No authentication or encryption.	None (page 1-9)
WEP	WEP encryption.	WEP (page 1-11)
IEEE 802.1X (WEP)	EAP authentication.	IEEE 802.1X (WEP) (page 1-9)
WPA-Personal (PSK) WPA2-Personal (PSK)	WPA encryption and PSK authentication.	WPA-Personal (PSK) & WPA2- Personal (PSK) (page 1-11)
WPA-Enterprise (EAP) WPA2-Enterprise (EAP)	WPA encryption and EAP authentication.	WPA-Enterprise (EAP) & WPA2-Enterprise (EAP) (page 1-12)

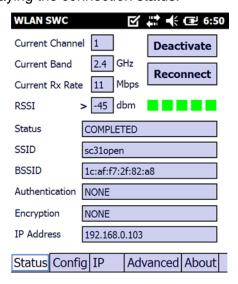
Note: The Dolphin 7600 with Windows CE 5.0 does not support EAP methods.

- 7. The fields and options required by the association mode, encryption, and EAP methods appear on the Network Window (see page 1-8) after each is selected.
- 8. If required by the association mode, select the **Encryption** method.
- 9. If required by the association mode, select the **EAP Method**; (see page 1-9).
- 10. If required or desired, enter keys or passwords.
- 11. Tap **OK**. You are returned to the Config tab where the SSID now appears in the list.

12. Select the device in the list and tap **Activate**. The configuration activates and the Dolphin terminal attempts to connect to the network according to the parameters you entered.

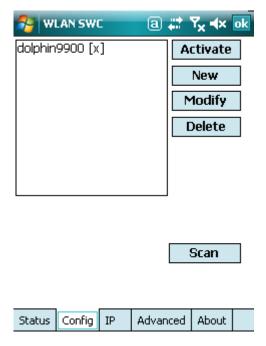


13. The Status tab appears displaying the connection status.



Config Tab

You manage connections and configurations on the Config tab. You also determine which configuration the terminal uses to connect.



Activating the Configuration

To connect, you **must** select the configuration in the list and tap **Activate**. The terminal will not attempt to connect until you tap **Activate**.

The Config tab stores all the configurations you have created in the list but activates only one configuration at a time. To switch connections, simply select it on the Config tab and tap **Activate**.

On the Config tab, an "[x]" appears next to the activated configuration.

Config Tab Buttons

Modify To modify an existing configuration, select it in the list and tap **Modify**. The Network

window appears displaying the data for the selected configuration. Make your

changes and tap **OK** to save. Then, tap **Activate** to start connecting.

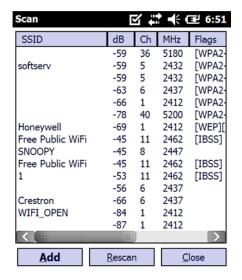
Add To manually add a connection, tap **Add**. A blank Network window appears.

Complete Steps 5–8 of Establishing a Connection (see page 1-3).

Delete To delete a connection, select it in the list and tap **Delete**.

Using the Scan Feature

The Scan button on the Config tab queries for the local, configured, wireless network for devices in range of the terminal. when you tap **Scan** on the Config tab, the query starts, and the results appear on the Scan window appears.



Buttons

Add Tap this button after you've selected an item in the list. It opens the Network

Window (see page 1-8) so that you can configure the connection.

Rescan Tap this button to rescan the wireless network if you don't see the Access Point

you're looking for in the list.

Close Tap this button to close the Scan window and return to the Config Tab.

Columns

SSID Displays the SSID of the Access Point. (This is the name of the Access Point you

are connecting to.)

db Displays the signal in dBMs.

Ch Displays the operating channel number.MHz Displays the operating frequency in MHz

Flags Displays the association mode and encryption required to connect to the device.

BSSID Displays the full BSSID. (This is the MAC address of the Access Point.)

Network Window

The Network window contains the configuration options to configure how the terminal connects to your wireless network.

You access the Network window from the Config Tab (see page 1-6) by

- Tapping **New** on the Config tab.
- Scanning for wireless network devices and adding them to your network; see Using the Scan Feature on page 1-7.
- Selecting an existing configuration and tapping Modify.

The Network window prompts you to complete the fields required by the connection options you select. For example,

No Authentication or WPA (EAP) **WEP Encryption** Network ☑ 🛱 🕊 🗷 6:58 Network Network Profile Name Profile Name Profile Name SSID SSID SSID Band Band Auto Band Auto Auto Assoc Mode Assoc Mode WPA-Enterprise (EAP) Assoc Mode WEP none Network Id Network Id Network Id Encryption TKIP Encryption OPEN w. **EAP Method** FAST-MSCHAPV2 Key Length 128 bits 64 bits Identity Key Type ASCII ○ HEX Password Key 1 Prompt Id/Passwd When Connecting OK Cancel O Key 2 Anony ID Identity Password Prompt Id/Passwd When Connecting Anony ID File Store Cert Store CA Cert. Tunnel PAC Machine PAC Provisionina No provisioning <u>0</u>K **Cancel**

(Use the **Browse** button to load files located on the terminal into this configuration.)

Association Modes

The association mode you select from the Assoc. Mode drop-down list determine the fields that appear on the Network window. Different types of association modes require specific information or offer certain configuration options.

The available association modes are:

- None (see page 1-9)
- WEP (see page 1-11)
- IEEE 802.1X (WEP) (see page 1-9)
- WPA-Personal (PSK) & WPA2-Personal (PSK) (see page 1-11)
- WPA-Enterprise (EAP) & WPA2-Enterprise (EAP) (see page 1-12)

Note: The Dolphin 7600 with Windows CE 5.0 does not support EAP methods.

None

Selecting **None** as the association mode means that there is no authentication or encryption in the connection process.

IEEE 802.1X (WEP)

Available EAP Methods

IEEE 802.1X (WEP) (page 1-9) and WPA-Enterprise (EAP) & WPA2-Enterprise (EAP) (page 1-12) support the following EAP methods:

- LEAP
- PEAPv0-MSCHAPV2
- PEAPv1-MSCHAPV2
- PEAPv1-GTC
- PEAPv1-TLS
- FAST-MSCHAPV2
- FAST-GTC
- FAST-TLS
- TLS
- TTLS-MD5
- TTLS-MSCHAPV2
- TTLS-GTC

Completing the EAP Fields

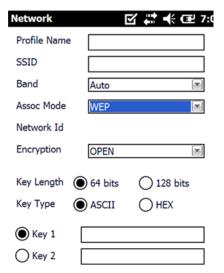
Depending on the EAP method selected, the following fields (may) appear or disappear based on what the selected protocol requires or offers for its configuration:

Field	Description
Identity	This is the 802.1X identity supplied to the authenticator. The identity value can be up to 63 ASCII characters and is case-sensitive.
Password	This is the password used for MD5-Challenge or EAP authentication. It may contain up to 63 ASCII characters and is case-sensitive. Asterisks appear instead of characters for enhanced security.

Field	Description
Anonymous ID	Enter the anonymous ID. This ID creates a tunnel through which the real ID (as entered in the Identity field) can pass. For additional security, make this ID different than the one entered in the Identity field.
Click one of these radio buttons to select the location of the certificate For example, if the certificate is stored in IPSM or an SD card as a file use File Store . Or, if the certificate is installed on the device in the Wi Certificate Store, then choose Cert Store .	
CA Cert. & Client Cert. CA Cert. Client Cert.	 Tap the Browse button to load a CA or Client certificate located on the terminal
Private Key Tap the Browse button to load a private key located on the termin	
Priv Key Pass	If you have loaded a private key, enter the password that unlocks the private key.
Tunnel PAC &/or Machine PAC	Tap the Browse button to load a tunnel and/or machine PAC located on the terminal
Provisioning	Provisioning refers to service activation and involves programming various network databases with the customer's information. Select the provisioning method from the following options: No Provisioning Anonymous Authenticated Anonymous + Authenticated

WEP

When you select WEP as the association mode, you can select Open or Shared **Encryption** and enter your keys.



WPA-Personal (PSK) & WPA2-Personal (PSK)

Network	•	7 🗱 🕊 💷 7:15
Profile Name	•	
SSID		
Band	Auto	[v]
Assoc Mode	WPA-Pers	onal (PSK)
Network Id		
Encryption	TKIP	v
PSK		
Use 8 to 63 chars for ASCII or 64 digits for HEX		
	<u>0</u> K	<u>C</u> ancel

Supported Encryption Methods

- TKIP
- AES-CCMP
- TKIP+CCMP

PSK (Pre-Shared Key)

The PSK field is where you enter the pre-shared key. This field accepts ASCII keys between 8–63 characters long. A hexadecimal PSK can also be entered instead of an ASCII key. Hexadecimal PSKs must be exactly 64 characters and can only contain hexadecimal digits (A–F, 0–9).

Characters are visible the first time you enter them in this field; however, those characters will appear as asterisks (*) the next time this configuration is opened.

Secret passwords or encryption keys are entered into both sides of the message exchange ahead of time. Preshared keys (PSK) are typed into the clients and servers (authentication servers, access points, etc.).

WPA-Enterprise (EAP) & WPA2-Enterprise (EAP)

Network	☑ # 唯 @ 7:	
Profile Name		
SSID		
Band	Auto	
Assoc Mode	WPA-Enterprise (EAP)	
Network Id		
Encryption	TKIP	
EAP Method	FAST-MSCHAPV2	
Identity		
Password		
Prompt Id/Passwd When Connecting		
Anony ID		

Note: The Dolphin 7600 with Windows CE 5.0 does not support EAP methods.

Supported Encryption Methods

- TKIP
- AES-CCMP
- TKIP+CCMP

Available EAP Methods

The following EAP methods are supported:

- LEAP
- PEAPv0-MSCHAPV2
- PEAPv1-MSCHAPV2
- PEAPv1-GTC
- PEAPv1-TLS
- FAST-MSCHAPV2
- FAST-GTC
- FAST-TLS
- TLS
- TTLS-MD5
- TTLS-MSCHAPV2
- TTLS-GTC

For details, see Completing the EAP Fields on page 1-9.

The checkbox under the Password field prompts the user to the SSID and password every connection attempt.

Common Configurations

This section contains some of the most common network configurations in detail, including:

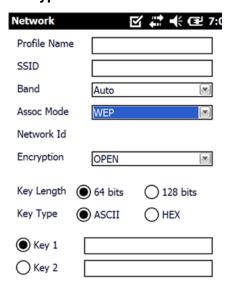
- WEP (see page 1-13)
- PEAPv1-MSCHAPV2 (see page 1-14)
- WPA-PSK (see page 1-14)

WEP

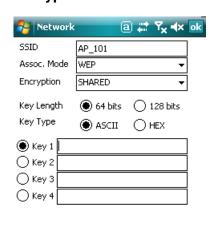
When you select WEP as the association mode, you can select Open or Shared encryption to authenticate via a specific key.

- 1. On the Today screen, tap the icon in the command bar ...
- 2. Tap the Config tab.
- 3. Tap New.
- 4. On the Network window, type in the **SSID**.
- 5. Select WEP as the Assoc. Mode.
- 6. You have a choice of **Encryption** methods:

Encryption=OPEN



Encryption=SHARED



- In fields Key 1—Key 4, enter the key.
 The format of each key must match the Key Length and Key Type you selected in Step 6. The SWC validates the key length and will not let you save a key in the wrong format.
- Tap **OK** and you are returned to the Config tab.
- 7. On the Config tab, select the network in the list and tap **Activate**.
- The terminal begins connecting.
- 9. When connected, the Status Tab (page 1-16) appears displaying the results.

PEAPv1-MSCHAPV2

- 1. On the Today screen, tap the icon in the command bar 0.
- 2. Tap the **Config** tab.
- 3. Tap New.
- 4. On the Network window, type in the **SSID**.
- 5. Select IEEE 802.1X (WEP) as the Assoc. Mode.
- 6. Select PEAPv1-MSCHAPV2 as the EAP Method.
- 7. Enter the **Identity** (see page 1-9) and **Password** (see page 1-9).
- If you want to, you can enter an **Anonymous ID** (see page 1-10) or a **CA** or **Client** certificate (see page 1-10).
 (If you selected PEAPv1-TLS, you can also load a Private Key (page 1-10) and enter a private key password.)
- 9. Tap **OK** and you are returned to the Config tab.
- 10. On the Config tab, select the network in the list and tap **Activate**.
- 11. The terminal begins connecting.
- 12. When connected, the Status tab (see page 1-16) appears displaying the results.

WPA-PSK

- 1. On the Today screen, tap the icon in the command bar ...
- 2. Tap the Config tab.
- 3. Tap New.
- 4. On the Network window, type in the **SSID**.
- 5. Select WPA-Personal (PSK) as the Assoc. Mode.
- 6. Select the **Encryption** method (TKIP, AES-CCMP, or TKIP + CCMP).
- 7. Enter the pre-share key (see page 1-11) in the **PSK** field.
- 8. Tap **OK** and you are returned to the Config tab.
- 9. On the Config tab, select the network in the list and tap **Activate**.
- 10. The terminal begins connecting.
- 11. When connected, the Status Tab (page 1-16) appears displaying the results.

Static IP

You establish a static IP through the radio driver, not the SWC. After the static IP address is established in the radio driver, you configure your wireless connection in SWC as usual.

Setting up a Static IP on Windows Mobile-based devices (7600, 7850, 9700, 9900 and 99EX)

1. Tap Start > Settings > Connections tab > Network Cards.



- 2. Tap on the network adapter.
 The adapter name will begin with "SWC IM" followed by the radio driver name in parentheses.
- 3. The IP address tab opens. Select Use specific IP address.



- a. Enter the IP address:
- b. Enter the Subnet mask:
- c. Enter the **Default gateway:**
- 4. Tap **OK**.
- 5. Open the SWC and configure the wireless connection.

Setting up a Static IP on Windows CE 5.0 (6100/6500/7600)

- 1. Tap Start > Control Panel > Network and Dial-up Connections.
- Double-tab the radio driver.



3. The radio driver opens displaying the IP Address tab. Select **Specify an IP address**.

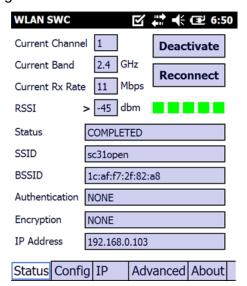


- a. Enter the IP address:
- b. Enter the Subnet mask:
- c. Enter the **Default gateway:**
- 4. Tap **OK**.
- 5. Open the SWC and configure the wireless connection.

Status Tab

The Status tab displays the connection status of the current, activated connection; see Activating the Configuration on page 1-6.

If the radio is enabled and a radio configuration is activated, the Status tab opens when you tap the icon on the Today screen displaying the status of the current connection.



Deactivate

The Deactivate button disconnects the device from the network and deactivates the profile.

Reconnect

Use the Reconnect button to refresh the connection by forcing the client to disconnect first.

Status Status COMPLETED

NO RADIO The SWC does not recognize the WLAN radio driver.

RADIO OFF The radio is not enabled.

DISCONNECTED The radio connection is disconnected.

INACTIVE There are either no profiles or there are no activated profiles on the Config tab.

ASSOCIATING The terminal connection is associating. **ASSOCIATED** The terminal connection is associated.

AUTHENTICATING Authentication is in process.

COMPLETE The connection is associated, authentication completed successfully, and active.

BSSID

The BSSID is the MAC address of the Access Point.

Working in Ad Hoc Mode

Introduction

Most installed wireless LANs today use "infrastructure" mode that requires the use of one or more access points. With this configuration, the access point provides an interface to a distribution system (e.g., Ethernet), which enables wireless users to utilize corporate servers and Internet applications.

As an optional feature, however, the 802.11 standard specifies "ad hoc" mode, which allows the radio network interface card (NIC) to operate in what the standard refers to as an independent basic service set (IBSS) network configuration. With an IBSS, there are no access points. User devices communicate directly with each other in a peer-to-peer manner.

Even though it is a peer-to-peer connection, there must still be a host and a client; a host to initiate an ad hoc connection and a client to join an existing ad hoc connection.

Requirements

Both peer devices must have static IPs with the same Default Gateway. Therefore, you must set up a static IP on the terminal (see Static IP on page 1-15).

Initiating an Ad Hoc Connection

You need to set up an ad hoc profile in the SWC.

- 1. Tap the icon in the command bar 🔱
- 2. Tap the Config tab and tap New.
- 3. On the Network window, select Ad Hoc or Ad Hoc (WEP) as the Assoc Mode.
- 4. In the **SSID** field, enter the network name to use for the connection.
- 5. Tap **OK**.
- 6. On the Config tab, select the name of the profile (the SSID name) and tap **Activate** to launch the connection.

Setting up the WLAN SWC with DeviceConfig

Overview

You can use the DeviceConfig Power Tool to configure the SWC. Simply configure the DeviceConfig.exm file with the SWC's settings, save it to the \IPSM\Autoinstall folder and cold boot the Dolphin terminal. When you enable the WiFi radio, the SWC will connect according to the settings in the DeviceConfig.exm file.

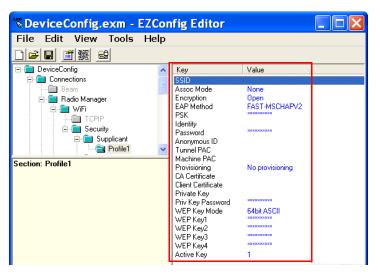
Configuring the DeviceConfig.exm File

On your workstation or your terminal, open the DeviceConfig.exm file in EZConfig. The following instructions show the workstation method.

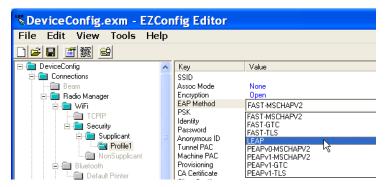
1. Click Start > All Programs > Honeywell > Dolphin Power Tools and Demos > EZConfig Editor.



- 2. Tap the **Open** icon and select the DeviceConfig.exm file.
- Right-click and select Enable on the following sections: Radio Manager > WiFi > Security > Supplicant > Profile 1.
 The WiFi section is disabled by default. Enabling this section turns the 802.x radio on at startup.
- 4. Select the Profile 1 section.



The keys in the Profile 1 section match the field on the Network Window (see page 1-8). Double-tap on each key value you want to configure and select the desired configurations from the drop-down list.

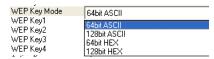


- 6. The items in each drop-down list are the same as the items in the drop-down lists on the Network Window (see page 1-8).
- 7. Select or enter all the items required by your configuration.
 - For Tunnel PAC, Machine PAC, and CA and Client Certificate keys, enter the exact path on the terminal where the PAC and certificate files are located.



The PAC and certificate files **must** be saved on the terminal first!

If your configuration uses WEP, select the key type from the drop-down list.



Key validation does not occur when you enter the key in WEP Key1–4 but does occur when the DeviceConfig.exm file is activated on the terminal.

8. Save the DeviceConfig.exm file on your workstation for future reference and close.

Setting up the Terminal

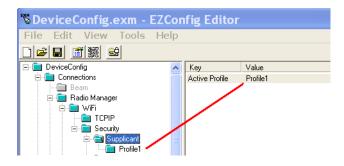
- 1. Move the configured DeviceConfig.exm file to the \IPSM\Autoinstall folder on the Dolphin terminal.
- 2. Cold boot the terminal.
- 3. The SWC should start connecting using the DeviceConfig settings during Autoinstall.
- 4. After Autoinstall in complete, tap the SWC icon on the Today screen ...
- Verify that the configuration is connected and correct.

Enabling a Profile

You can have multiple profiles in the SWC section; however, one needs to be selected as the default configuration so that the configuration connects when the terminal boots up.

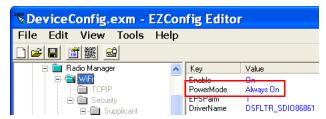
To select a default configuration, enter the name of the profile as the Value in the Active Profile key of

the SWC section



Changing Power Save Mode

Power Save Mode is enabled in the radio by default.



Administrative Tools

Overview

The SWC offers a number of tools to help you administer your network configurations.

IP Tab

The IP tab enables you to view statistics about the terminal and active network connection.

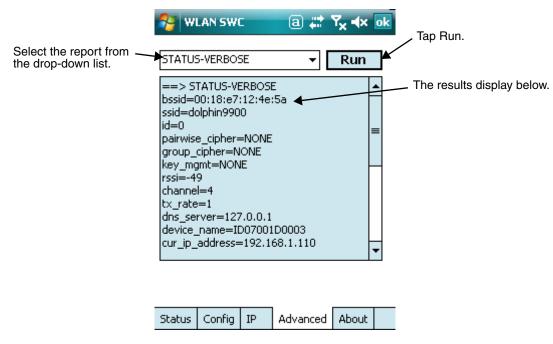


Release IP Renew IP Tap this button to release the current IP address (usually assigned by DHCP).

Tap this button to obtain a new IP address from the DHCP server.

Advanced Tab

The Advanced tab runs several reports that allow you to monitor the background processing of the SWC. In addition, you can also execute certain commands.



The SWC supports the following reports and commands (the available options vary depending on the version of SW:

- STATUS (see page 4-3)
- STATUS_VERBOSE (see page 4-3)
- SCAN (see page 4-3)
- SCAN_RESULTS (see page 4-3)
- LIST_NETWORKS (see page 4-4)
- SELECT NETWORK (see page 4-4)
- ENABLE_NETWORK (see page 4-4)
- SAVE CONFIG (see page 4-4)
- DISCONNECT (see page 4-4)
- REASSOCIATE (see page 4-4)
- DHCP release (see page 4-4)
- DHCP renew (see page 4-4)
- REMOVE_NETWORK (see page 4-4)

STATUS

STATUS gueries and retrieves current WPA/EAPOL/EAP status information.

For example:

bssid=02:00:01:02:03:04
ssid=test network
pairwise_cipher=CCMP
group_cipher=CCMP
key_mgmt=WPA-PSK
wpa_state=COMPLETED
ip_address=192.168.1.21
Supplicant PAE state=AUTHENTICATED
suppPortStatus=Authorized
EAP state=SUCCESS

STATUS_VERBOSE

STATUS_VERBOSE is the same as STATUS with more verbosity (i.e., more variable=value pairs).

For example:

```
bssid=02:00:01:02:03:04
ssid=test network
id=0
pairwise cipher=CCMP
group cipher=CCMP
key_mgmt=WPA-PSK
wpa state=COMPLETED
ip address=192.168.1.21
Supplicant PAE state=AUTHENTICATED
suppPortStatus=Authorized
heldPeriod=60
authPeriod=30
startPeriod=30
maxStart=3
portControl=Auto
Supplicant Backend state=IDLE
EAP state=SUCCESS
reqMethod=0
methodState=NONE
decision=COND SUCC
ClientTimeout=60
```

SCAN

Performs a new BSS scan.

SCAN RESULTS

Displays the latest scan results. Fields are separated with by a "/" character.

For example:

```
bssid / channel / signal level / flags / ssid 00:09:5b:95:e0:4e 2412 208 [WPA-PSK-CCMP] jkm private 02:55:24:33:77:a3 2462 187 [WPA-PSK-TKIP] testing 00:09:5b:95:e0:4f 2412 209 jkm guest
```

LIST NETWORKS

Lists configured networks. Fields are separated by a "/" character.

For example:

```
network id / ssid / bssid / flags
0 example network any [CURRENT]
```

SELECT_NETWORK

Selects a network (disable others). Network ID can be received from the LIST_NETWORKS (page 4-4) command output.

ENABLE NETWORK

Enables a network. Network ID can be received from the LIST_NETWORKS (page 4-4) command output.

REMOVE NETWORK

Removes a network. Network ID can be received from the LIST_NETWORKS (page 4-4) command output.

SAVE CONFIG

Saves the current configuration.

DISCONNECT

Disconnects and wait for REASSOCIATE command before connecting.

REASSOCIATE

Forces the current connection to reassociate.

DHCP release

Releases the current IP address.

Running this command performs the same function as tapping **Release IP** on the IP Tab (page 4-1).

DHCP renew

Contacts the DHCP server to obtain a new IP address.

Running this command performs the same function as tapping **Release IP** on the IP Tab (page 4-1).

DEBUG on

Enables debug output to a file in IPSM.

DEBUG off

Disables previously enabled debug output.

Technical Assistance

If you need assistance installing or troubleshooting your device, please call your distributor or the nearest technical support office:

North America/Canada

Telephone: (800) 782-4263

E-mail: hsmnasupport@honeywell.com

Latin America

Telephone: (803) 835-8000 Telephone: (800) 782-4263

E-mail: hsmlasupport@honeywell.com

Brazil

Telephone: +55 (11) 5185-8222 Fax: +55 (11) 5185-8225 *E-mail: brsuporte@honeywell.com*

Mexico

Telephone: 01-800-HONEYWELL (01-800-466-3993)

E-mail: soporte.hsm@honeywell.com

Europe, Middle East, and Africa

Telephone: +31 (0) 40 7999 393 Fax: +31 (0) 40 2425 672 E-mail: hsmeurosupport@honeywell.com

Hong Kong

Telephone: +852-29536436

Fax: +852-2511-3557 E-mail: aptechsupport@honeywell.com

Singapore

Telephone: +65-6842-7155 Fax: +65-6842-7166

E-mail: aptechsupport@honeywell.com

China

Telephone: +86 800 828 2803 Fax: +86-512-6762-2560

E-mail: aptechsupport@honeywell.com

Japan

Telephone: +81-3-6730-7344 Fax: +81-3-6730-7222

E-mail: aptechsupport@honeywell.com

Online Technical Assistance

You can also access technical assistance online at www.honeywellaidc.com.

Honeywell Scanning & Mobility 9680 Old Bailes Road Fort Mill, SC 29707

www.honeywellaidc.com